

Responsible Research and Innovation: Horizon 2020 & Policy signals from the European Union

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understanding of the European Union's Horizon 2020 (2014-2020)

- **Horizon 2020**
- **H2020 will take over from the framework programmes, from 2014 to 2020.**
 - Pillar1 – **Excellent Science** (novel, Future & Emergent Technologies, FETs)
 - Pillar 2 – **Industrial Leadership** (Key Enabling and Industrial Technologies , KETs)
 - Micro & nanoelectronics, nano-, photonics, advanced materials, advanced manufacturing)
 - Pillar 3 – **Societal Challenges** (Food, Energy, Smart/Green Transport, Climate Action)
 - Under the new Programme within H2020 : **'Science With and For Society'**
 - **EC pre-H2020 .The European Commissions' Ideal of RRI – Principal Values as enshrined in the EU Charter of Fundamental Human Rights:**
 - **Ethical & Policy Anchor points – Dignity, freedoms, justice, equality, solidarity & citizens rights (EC2012)**

Rene Von Schomberg (‘not’ the European Commission)

- *PRE- H2020*
- *“Responsible Research and Innovation is a transparent, interactive process by which societal actors and innovators become mutually responsive to each other with a view on the (ethical) acceptability, sustainability and societal desirability of the innovation process and its marketable products (Von Schomberg 2011,2012,)”*

Distinguishing rri/RRI

- See Rip (2010) ‘de-facto governance’ .
- Developing Rip : responsible research and innovation (rri) involves governance processes which de-facto institutionalise varieties of normative positions, involving embedding values into practice (Randles & Laredo 2013).
- Steering innovation towards the things about which people care, (Sayer 2012).
- Centres institutional transformation, via people and capacities (deep rri).
- Responsible Research and Innovation (RRI) involves the design and adoption of RRI Frameworks and Instruments. A more procedural and bureaucratic micro-level approach. (Arguably RRI, as a ‘surface’ approach has ‘surface’ *and* less stable outcomes?).

Horizon 2020 – and RRI

- **A Responsible Research and Innovation ‘Approach’ cross-cuts the 3 Pillars, emphasising:**
 - *Governing the Process* of developing new and emerging technologies (cross-disciplinary natural sciences and social sciences. New methods and tool-kits involving deliberation with ‘public(s)’. (Eg Rene Von Schomberg’s ‘Framework’ for RRI, Von Schomberg 2012, 2013)
 - (portfolios) of antecedent methods such as ‘Constructive Technology Assessment (CTA) and (reflexive) anticipatory governance (AG)
 - *Governing the Outputs*: steering science, technology & innovation outputs towards addressing societal challenges. Out-facing. Incentivising the self-organisation of cross-disciplinary teams to address a societal ‘problem’ rather than a ‘discipline’ problem.
- Under the new Programme within H2020: **‘Science With and For Society’**

'Science with and for Society

- 2014/15 Calls came out December 2013 (very new)
- 'Call for **developing governance for the advancement of Responsible Research and Innovation**' (GARRI).
- How to ensure that: 'Outcomes resulting from R&I will correspond to the needs of the various societal actors and be suitable for society in the long run.'
- **All societal actors (researchers, citizens, policy makers, business, 3rd sector organisations) must work together during the whole R&I process to align R&I outcomes to the values, needs and expectations of European Society, is termed Responsible Research and Innovation (RRI) .**
- **NB Politics and power plays swept away in these passages...**

advancement of Responsible Research and Innovation' (GARRI).

- GARRI 1. Fostering RRI Uptake in current research and innovation systems and lower the barriers to implementation of RRI.
 - Take lessons from early warnings
 - Overcome systematic barriers to RRI Approaches (inc lack of recognition in current career system of academic research for RRI/trans-disciplinary approaches.
 - Include RRI in evaluation criteria.
 - A lack of market incentives to internalise external costs of innovation (environmental, societal)
 - Insufficient training of researchers, insufficient professional recognition and uptake of RRI approaches.
 - Research and Innovation Action (100% funding)

GARRI

- GARRI 2. RRI in Industrial Context

- Impact: Better uptake of RRI by industrial actors
- Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR) has set the first steps but improved business governance is needed that deeply embeds creativity, scalability, responsiveness, circularity and societal engagement.
 - Co-ordination & support action

- GARRI 3. RRI in public procurement

- Co-ordination and Support Action

- GARRI 4. Supporting Structural Change in Research Organisations to promote RRI

- To encourage modernisation of institutional practices and culture in research institutions, universities and funding agencies to promote RRI.
 - Co-ordination & support action

GARRI

- GARRI 5. Scientific information in the Digital Age: Text and Data Mining (TDM)
 - Co-ordination & support action
- GARRI 6. Innovative Approach to peer-review (& innovations such as on-line publishing) in research
 - Co-ordination & support action.
- GARRI 7. New research indicators and bibliometrics for dissemination and impacts.
 - By improving existing indicators and developing new ones.
 - Co-ordination & support action

GARRI

- GARRI 8. Ethics in research : Promoting Integrity
 - Tackling research misconduct
 - Examining the pros and cons of different approaches to addressing research misconduct.
 - Co-ordination & support action
- GARRI 9. Reducing the risk of exporting non-ethical practices to third countries.
 - Addressing the risk of research with ethical implications being done elsewhere...
 - 'Ethics dumping'
 - Co-ordination & support action
- GARRI 10. Responsible Research and Innovation in Higher Education Curricular.
 - The design, production and uptake of educational material and curricular for use of Universities and other higher education establishments and their incorporation into educational programmes
 - The embedding of RRI to shape more responsible and responsive researchers; able to frame their research in the societal context, necessary for tackling societal challenges more effectively and in a more transdisciplinary manner.
 - Co-ordination & support action

Responsible Research and Innovation 4 'FP7' Projects

- Commissioned February 2013
- 3 year projects, working together
- A significant investment
 - GREAT (socio-normative framework, philosophy)
 - RES-AGorA (research- empirical – towards a ‘socio-normative framework of RRI’ – but what form?) ····· in view of micro-level proliferation of RRI Frameworks?
 - PROGRESS (international network)
 - RESPONSIBILITY (observatory)

RES-AGorA

- **RES-AGorA – WP2 – conceptual** (multi-disciplinary researchers/teams)
 - RES-AGorA Conceptual architecture centres on: arrangements, actors & practices of RRI .
- **RES-AGorA – WP3 – Seeds of rri** – (large) empirical work package : (first) taking a body of cases as landscape of different entry points to understand rri. Such as
 - Policy hybrid fora, (eg nano-safety in NL)
 - ‘technological controversies’, (fracking in Austria and beyond)
 - Value chains (eg standards and participatory guarantee schemes).
 - Individual instruments – how they are received by actors and implemented (eg the EU Nano-Code of Conduct)
 - Countries
 - ‘Unhinged’
 - **Organisations – The ‘Good’ University,**
 - Organisations – Multinationals & Corporate Social Responsibility (CSR)
 - Innovation ‘systems’ and how they transform when new normative criteria are introduced (Biofuels in Brazil and USA),
 - **The Institutionalisation of responsible innovation : ‘100 Voices’ and socio-semantic maps of responsible innovation (CorText/IFRIS) ….. Institutional Entrepreneurs….**
 - Currently we are writing-up 10 RES-AGorA pilots, extracting lessons learnt and iterating to further develop the conceptual framework (framing of ‘effectiveness’ and ‘legitimacy’)
 - **WP5 – Country correspondents 8 partners, 8 Euro periphery**
 - **WP4 – one year of workshops with stakeholders and dissemination.**

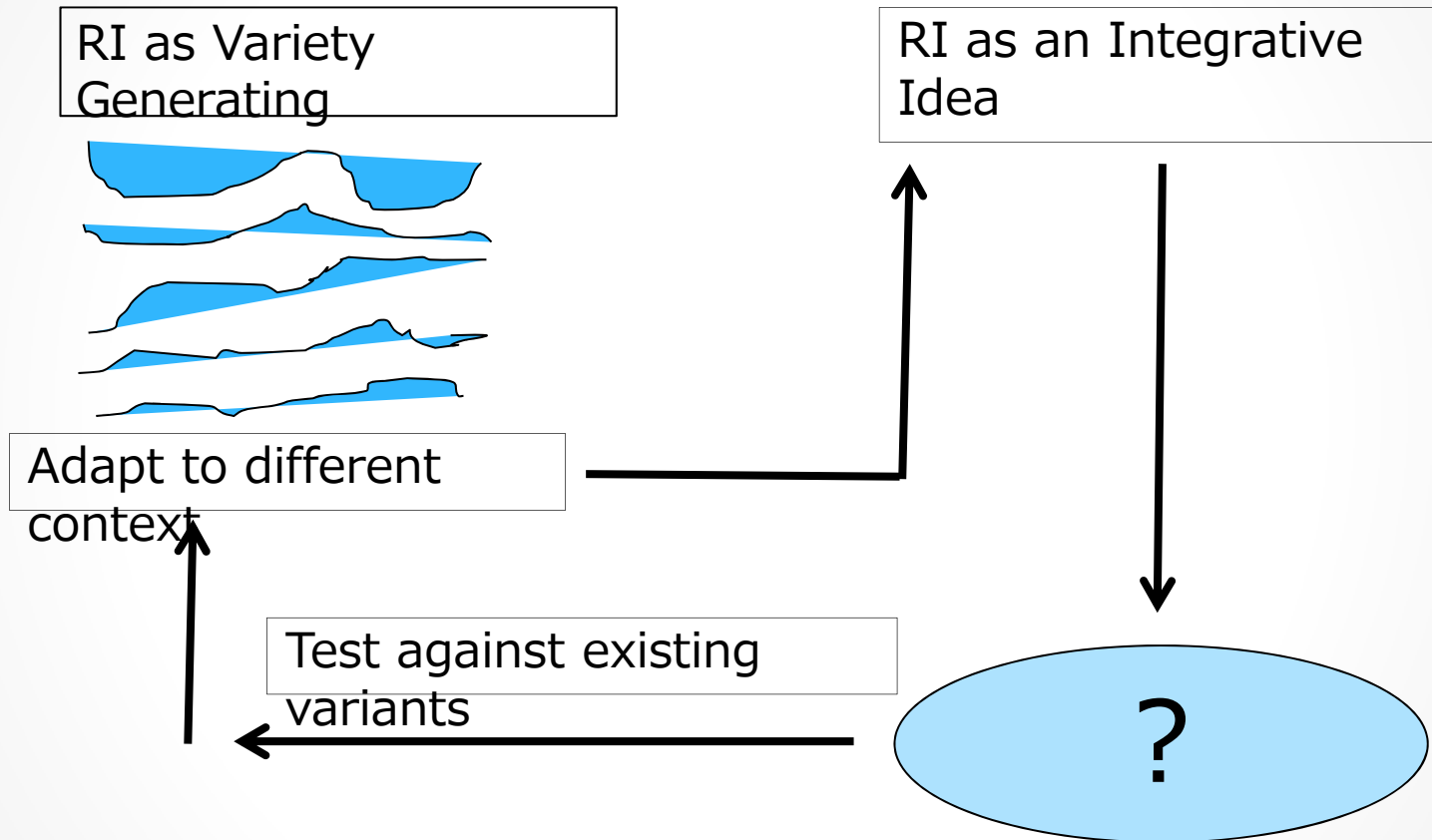
what do we see on the ground by way of initiatives

- Why?
- 1) ***To know what is out there already!*** If FP7s are asked to offer new Frameworks – these will need to acknowledge, sit within, and relate to the existing/emerging landscape of rri (*de-facto* governance)/RRI (proliferation of new frameworks). **Q** what ***kind*** of new EU framework/guidelines are most appropriate to add to what exists already & emerging in the pipeline?
- ***2 Policy questions*** : a) Compatibility of emerging proliferation with H2020 aspirations?.. b) Is the ‘performativity’ of RI a ‘success’ in terms of EU ERA policy & H2020? – ***very provisional answer ‘yes in terms of uptake and circulation of the ‘idea’ of responsible innovation , ‘yes’ in terms of proliferation of initiatives debating and reflecting on it ‘Yes’ in terms of proactive development of RRI frameworks, ‘cant say yet’ in terms of***
 - ***agencement (Callon 2007) (transforming agents – person+devices (inc governance instruments) = functional division of labour (scientist, technologist, engineer, entrepreneur, industrialist, producer, consumer) +normativity/values & citizenship/public good ‘responsibilities’;***
 - ***‘deep’ embedding into practice, or***
 - ***affective power (making a difference)····.***

A proliferation of micro-level activities

- 1) A proliferation of initiatives (conferences, meetings, debating platforms, 2 journals 2 books+ & governance Frameworks for Responsible Research and Innovation) **(RRI), with associated instruments, protocols, devices** ... producing a landscape of variety contoured by
 - *a) different normative underpinnings (varieties of ‘good’)*
 - *b) different framings of the problem/deficit/insufficiency positing RRI as ‘solution’ (and vice versa RRI posited as solution frames the problem as one of a ‘Responsibility deficit’ – otherwise why do it???) (revisit this question later wrt CSR)*
 - *c) different contexts of origination/purpose and application (eg cf Owen and Stilgoe, Rene Von Schomberg, Raynor and Pidgeon’s ‘Oxford Principles’ focus on science and research practice; Roco/PCAST on responsible commercialisation)*
 - **Much activity around the micro-level negotiation and production of initiatives and instruments.....**
 - **does (scholarly/STS) attention focussed on these *micro-negotiations* distract from more structural accounts of RRI (July 2013 forthcoming). So far an absence of social theory taking RRI as an object of study .(Guston 2013). eg Randles & Laredo 2013 offer building blocks of an *institutionalist sociology* of responsible innovation.**

integrating idea & RI as variety generation



The Formation of Scientist Citizens & Empowering

Citizen Participation in S&T Devpt

Rationale/deficit	RRI 'Solution'	Architects	Clusters/types? & H2020
Intervene before decisions lock-in, Loss of trust in Sci and Scientists (Beck 1995) Nest uncertainties, Democratic deficit, distributed governance of S&T	(Upstream) public deliberation, Incorporate lay knowledge Involvement of social scientists -Anticipation	From Brian Wynne's sheep(1996) Richard Owen,Jack Stilgoe Jack Wilsden, Phil Mcnaughton, UK Technology Strategy Board (Applied to UK Research Council calls eg Syn Bio)	H2020 Pillar 1 – Scientific discovery Scientist-citizen,
Intervene too early/too late	(Midstream) modulation	Erik Fisher, ASU (2006)	
Users perspective	(Downstream) user and other market-facing stakeholders in deliberation	Callon (2011)	
Science outreach and communication	Empowering science literate, reflexive society	USA (ASU Exemplary)	Empowering citizens to engage with science
Scientists formation	Ethical and socially conscious engineer Values sensitive design of new technologies Specialism: Energy Infrastructures	TU Delft, Prof Jeroen Van Den Hoven, Dept Values and Technology 5 conferences on ri (from 2011)	Scientist-Citizen
Unreflexive scientists counter 'Science Republic' (Polanyi 1962)	Public Engagement in the Scientific Enterprise	Many	
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Academic Contributions...

Rationale/Deficit	RRI 'Solution'	Architects	Cluster/Types & H2020
Absence of Comprehensive Tech Assessment with Societal Reflection Legacy : ELSA, EHS+Risk Constructive TA (Rip) and Anticipatory Governance (eg Kearnes & Rip 2009, Guston 2008 jumbo shrimp)	Frameworks for RI-Anticipation, Reflexivity, Inclusion, Responsiveness (Geo-Eng) Oxford Principles (Trans-Atlantic Select Committees on Geo-Eng) RI Matrix, Products and Processes	Richard Owen , Jack Stilgoe & Phil Macnaghton (2013) & book (Responsible Innovation: Managing the responsible emergence of science and innovation in society (2013) Steve Raynor & Nick Pidgeon Rene Von Schomberg (2011, 2013)	Scientist-Citizen Multiple Stakeholders (Hybrid For a)
	Community	Grunwald (2011) at TU Delft Conference (2011)	Scholarly Community
	Virtual Network 'VIRI', NSF	Guston et al (2013), inc theoretical idea of 'SIM'	Scholarly Community
Collective State of the Art in RI	Journal of Responsible Innovation	Guston et al (2014)	Scholarly Community
Debating Innovation & Responsibility inc 'Irresponsible Innovation' in Financial Services, ICT, Construction	Journal : Debating Innovation Web-Observatory of Responsible Innovation	Callon et al (2011, 2012, 2013) French Sociologists School	Scholarly Community
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Commercialisation & Policy

Rationale/Deficit	RRI Solution	Architects	Cluster/Types
'Fair' Commercialisation & IP protection. Univ Tech-Transfer & spin-outs	University-based Centre for Responsible Innovation	Guston Centre for RI (2004)	USA 'Just' Commercialisation H2020 Pillar 2 Commercialisation of New and Emerging Techs
RI as Economic Devpt, home-nation skills and jobs	(USA) National Policy (NNI/CNS) on Governance and Commercialisation of Nano	M. Roco et al (2001 - 2011) USA National Nanotech Initiative PCAST (2011)	Policy Entrepreneurs influencing National Policy
Demonstrations of RI	Awards proposed, Empirical 'bottom-up' articulation of RI by practitioners'	Guston et al, Bassetti Foundation (Jonny Hankins)	Academic/Private Foundation
Evaluation of Science and Innovation Policies, 176- 20 May 2011, Manchester			

RI as the (competitive) Corporate-Citizen: CSR,

Moral Entrepreneurs & take-up by Industrial Fora

Rationale/Deficit	RRI 'Solution'	Architects	Cluster/Types
Values-driven corporate activity (origins of CSR 19 th Century Philanthropy, developed as a management science 'discipline' 1970s)	CSR	BSI ISO 26000 Standard on Social Responsibility (See Campbell 2010 on Institutionalisation of CSR)	Building and Protecting Corporate Reputation in Global Markets, Discriminating values-driven corporations?? ...Self-Regulation H2020 Pillar 2
Beacons of Moral Entrepreneur and Values-Driven Corporatism	Knowledge Hub on RI – Visionary/Beacons. Intermediaries of RI	Bassetti Foundation (Moral Entrepreneur and Philosopher Gianni Bassetti), Jonny Hankins (Book Handbook of RI) Hilary Sutcliffe (2011)	Entrepreneur-Citizen
(Chemical) Industry 'Disasters'. Central Role of Chemicals in materials and products. New materials & technologies (Nano)	Responsible Care (EHS, Value Chain Transparency & Life – Cycle Env't Impact Assessments) Awards for Responsible Care (EHS processes and systems 'good practice')	Responsible Care launched by Canadian Chemical Producers Assn (1985) Global Charter for Responsible Care +UN (2006) International Council for Chemical Assns (60 national Assns) Individual Corporates eg BASF	Industrial Associations For a discussing and operationalising RI
R&D Industrial Managers	FP7 on RRI in industrial context bringing tog industry and NGOs triggers conference debate	EIRMA, European Research Management Assn (2013) Task Force on Responsible Innovation	Industrial Associations For a discussing and operationalising RI
Place-Marketing & Regional 'industrial Cluster strategy'	Responsible Regions as basis for regional cluster strategy	Universal Green Optimum (NGO) Forli Regional Chamber of Commerce, Italy. o (10 companies certified, 28 International 3 rd party	'bottom-up' RI? Suggests new 'Markets for Standards promoted by certifiers'

Less developed (policy) discourses & actor engagement: Societal

Grand Challenges; RI & Sustainable Dvpt; RI & Social Innovation

& 'Grass-roots' RI

		Architects	Cluster/Types
Societal Grand Challenge 'problems' require multi-disciplinary solutions	<p>Organisation and Co-ordination responses,</p> <p>Needs articulation of RI & SGC</p> <p>Needs articulation of RI & SD</p>	<p>EU Policy Reports of Expert Groups & ERA (Georghiou et al)</p> <p>See also De Saille (2013) for challenges of ERA/RRI</p>	<p>Policy Aspiration?</p> <p>H2020 Pillar 3 Citizenship</p> <p>H2020 integrating all 3 Pillars into co-ordination for Grand Challenges</p>
Social Innovation as response/resistances to global markets and grass-roots responses to societal challenges (Food, Climate Change, Env't, Design of Technologies)	<p>Needs articulation RI & SI</p> <p>Adv Manufact eg Fab-Labs. Etc...</p>	<p>FP7 calls (2012) & H2020 workprogramme,</p> <p>BEPA (2010)</p>	<p>Social Innovation & H2020 Pillar 3 – contribution of SI as economic actors, citizenship & welfare, scaling-up grass-roots initiatives?</p>
Political Controversies & grass roots activism	<p>RI techniques and philosophy as 'mediation'</p>	<p>UK ESRC website on the Fracking controversy (Aug 2013)</p>	<p>Use/Miss-use of legitimate intervention by RRI Practitioners?</p>

theoretical at the meso-level

- Towards an
 - *Institutionalist Sociology of Responsible Innovation*...
- Taking Responsible Innovation as an *'object'* of research and study.
- Generic framework of (5) Building blocks:
- Responsible innovation as:
 - **Historically contingent**
 - **Institutionalising a plurality and contestation of normative positions**
 - **Putting 'I' into responsible innovation**
 - **Governance transformations.**
 - **People and capacities– the role of institutional entrepreneurs**